Year 2 maths worksheet

Year 2 | KS1

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____ Score _____ / 24

Write each answer in the box. Use jottings, a number line or a quick drawing if it helps. An adult may read the questions aloud.

Example: 45 + 30 = 75. Add the tens (4 tens + 3 tens = 7 tens) and keep the 5 ones.

Section A · Number and place value

1. What is the value of the 7 in 73?

Answer

2. Partition 58 into tens and ones.

Answer

3. Put these numbers in order, smallest first: 52, 25, 45, 54

Answer

4. Count in 3s. What comes next? 3, 6, 9, 12, …

Answer

5. What is 10 more than 67?

Answer

6. Write <, > or = to compare 38 and 83.

Answer

7. 34 + 25 =

Answer

8. 72 − 30 =

Answer

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Section B · Calculation and fractions

9. 48 + 7 =

Answer

10. 63 − 9 =

Answer

11. 36 + 47 =

Answer

12. 5 × 6 =

Answer

13. 40 ÷ 10 =

Answer

14. 18 ÷ 2 =

Answer

15. Find 1/3 of 12.

Answer

16. Find 3/4 of 20.

Answer

Year 2 maths worksheet

Year 2 | KS1

Section C · Problems, measures, shape and data

17. A pencil costs 35p and a rubber costs 20p. How much do they cost altogether?

Answer

18. You buy a snack for 65p and pay with a £1 coin. How much change do you get?

Answer

19. There are 5 cars. Each car has 4 wheels. How many wheels are there altogether?

Answer

20. 30 children get into teams of 5. How many teams are there?

Answer

21. How many minutes are there in one hour?

Answer

22. The time is quarter past 4. What time will it be half an hour later?

Answer

23. How many faces does a cube have?

Answer

24. Mia counts 7 red cars and 9 blue cars. How many more blue cars than red cars are there?

Answer

Year 2 maths worksheet · answers

Year 2 | KS1

Check each answer and its method. Equivalent forms are correct unless a question asks for a particular form or degree of accuracy.

Section A · Number and place value

1. **70**

The 7 is in the tens place, so it is worth 7 tens: 70.

2. **50 + 8**

58 has 5 tens and 8 ones: 50 + 8.

3. **25, 45, 52, 54**

Compare the tens first: 2 tens, 4 tens, then 5 tens. 52 and 54 both have 5 tens, and 2 ones is less than 4 ones.

4. **15**

Each number is 3 more than the one before: 12 + 3 = 15.

5. **77**

Adding 10 changes the tens digit only: 6 tens becomes 7 tens.

6. **38 < 83**

38 has 3 tens and 83 has 8 tens, so 38 is less than 83.

7. **59**

Add the tens: 30 + 20 = 50. Add the ones: 4 + 5 = 9. 50 + 9 = 59.

8. **42**

Take away 3 tens: 7 tens − 3 tens = 4 tens, and keep the 2 ones.

Year 2 maths worksheet · answers

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Section B · Calculation and fractions

9. **55**

Make the next ten: 48 + 2 = 50, then add the other 5 to get 55.

10. **54**

Take away 10 to get 53, then add 1 back: 54.

11. **83**

Tens: 30 + 40 = 70. Ones: 6 + 7 = 13. 70 + 13 = 83.

12. **30**

Count in 5s six times: 5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30.

13. **4**

There are 4 tens in 40, so 40 ÷ 10 = 4.

14. **9**

Halve 18: 9 + 9 = 18.

15. **4**

Share 12 into 3 equal groups: 4 in each group.

16. **15**

One quarter of 20 is 5 (20 ÷ 4). Three quarters is 3 × 5 = 15.

Year 2 maths worksheet · answers

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Section C · Problems, measures, shape and data

17. 55p

35p + 20p = 55p.

18. 35p

£1 = 100p. Count on from 65p: 5p makes 70p, then 30p makes 100p. 5p + 30p = 35p.

19. 20

5 groups of 4: 5 × 4 = 20.

20. 6

30 ÷ 5 = 6, because 6 × 5 = 30.

21. 60

There are 60 minutes in 1 hour.

22. quarter to 5

Quarter past 4 is 4:15. Add 30 minutes: 4:45, which is quarter to 5.

23. 6

A cube has 6 square faces: top, bottom, front, back, left and right.

24. 2

Find the difference: 9 − 7 = 2.